

# JOHN EDMONDSON HIGH SCHOOL Assessment Notification

Faculty: Science Course: Investigating Science Year: HSC12

Assessment Task: Depth Study- Secondary Source Investigation Task

Assessment Weighting: 30% Due: Term 2 Week 9 Date: 25/6/2024

Task Type: Hand in Task 🖂 In Class Task 🖂 Practical Task 🗌

# **Outcomes assessed (NESA)**

Analyses and evaluates primary and secondary data and information. (INS 11/12-5) Solves scientific problems using primary and secondary data, critical thinking skills, and scientific processes. (INS 11/12-6)

Communicates scientific understanding using suitable language and terminology for a specific audience or purpose. (INS 11/12-7)

Use evidence-based analysis in a scientific investigation to support or refute a hypothesis (INS12-14) Evaluate the implications of ethical, social, economic, and political influences on Science. (INS 12-15)

Syllabus covered: Module 7: Fact or Fallacy?

The scientific process is the most powerful tool available for generating knowledge about the world. It uses evidence and measurement to find truth and highlight misinterpretations and misrepresentations. Science, as a human endeavour, is subject to human failings, which can contribute to fallacies, misinterpretations, and, on occasion, fraud. For this reason, scientific processes attempt to compensate for human failings by questioning evidence, re-testing ideas, replicating results, and engaging with peer review to evaluate research.

Students investigate claims by conducting practical and secondary-sourced investigations and evaluating them based on scientific evidence. They explore examples of scientific claims made in the media and investigate the benefits of peer review.

# **Reading Between the Lines**

Inquiry question: How does the reporting of science influence the general public's understanding of the subject?

Students:

• examine a contemporary scientific debate and how it is portrayed in the mainstream media, including but not limited to:

accuracy of information

- validity of data
- reliability of information sources
- evaluate the use and interpretation of the terms 'theory', 'hypothesis', 'belief' and 'law' in relation to media reporting of scientific developments

• compare the difference in reporting between a peer-reviewed journal article and a scientific article published in popular media

#### Task Description/Overview

This assessment task will require you to complete a Depth Study Secondary Source Investigation, create an informative poster, and submit your report through CANVAS or to D02 by 8:20 am

You will complete a Depth Study Secondary Source Investigation to evaluate the scientific credibility of a movie or TV Show by creating a poster that analyses the accuracy of the movie and the reliability of the movie or TV show as a scientific text.

### The Depth Study

- Watch the movie or TV show at home (2-3 hours)
- Pre-understanding of the science addressed in this film/show. This would include research and a rationale of what scientific concept the real science relates to. (5 periods)
- Analysing the film/TV show and present your finding by creating a poster. (5 periods)

#### The poster is not to exceed A1 in size.

#### **Detailed Assessment Task Description**

You will complete a Depth Study Secondary Source Investigation to evaluate the scientific credibility of a movie or TV show by creating a poster that analyses the accuracy of the movie and the reliability of the movie as a scientific text.

- Choose a movie/TV show that portrays scientific concepts or events. Each student needs to choose a different movie/TV Show. The movies/shows cannot be from the same series as another student (e.g., Star Wars Episode 1 and Star Wars Episode 4). Notify Mrs Stoker of the movie/TV Show. Watch the movie/TV Show at home.
- 2. Create a poster that evaluates the scientific accuracy and reliability of the movie/TV show. The poster should include the following sections:

a. Title: A creative title that reflects the movie/TV show and the focus of your poster (2 marks).

b. Introduction: A clear and thorough movie/TV show outline (4 marks).

c. Description: A detailed description of TWO scenes in the movie/TV Show that portray a scientific event, idea, or concept. You should use a visual is your answer (4 marks).

d. Accuracy Analysis: A detailed evaluation of the accuracy of TWO scientific concepts or events portrayed in the movie/TV show. You must include specific examples of where the science was accurate or inaccurate and explain why they are accurate or inaccurate. Your response must refer to scientific theories, laws, or current research to support your evaluation. You should use graphs, diagrams, or illustrations to support your evaluation (10 marks).

e. Outline: An outline of the theory, law, or hypothesis that the movie/TV show was portraying and a description of what one of the scenes (outlined above) would look like if it was scientifically accurate. (5 marks)

f. Discuss (Identify ethical issues and provide points for and/or against) the implications of the movie's influence on science. Is it ethical that a movie knowingly portrays science incorrectly? (5 marks)

- 3. The poster should be visually appealing and easy to read. You can use images, graphics, and colours to enhance your poster (5 marks).
- 4. The poster should communicate scientific understanding using suitable language and terminology for a specific audience or purpose using correct grammar, punctuation, and spelling. (5 marks)
- 5. Bibliography: Include references to any sources of scientific evidence and facts used in your poster, using the APA 7<sup>th</sup> edition referencing system outlined on the school website. This should be on the back of the poster (5 marks).

The poster is not to exceed A1 in size.

Total Marks: 45

#### Marking Criteria

	5	4	3	2	1
Title				An insightful and creative	A title
				title	
INS11/12-7					
Introduction		A clear and thorough	An introduction to the	Basic outline of the movie	Basic information about
		introduction to the	movie/show		the movie
INS11/12-7		movie/show including the			
		plot.			
Description		A thorough description of	A description of ONE	A description of ONE scene	Identifying one scene.
		TWO scenes in the movie that	scene in the movie that	in the movie that portrays a	
INS11/12-7		portray a scientific event,	portrays a scientific	scientific event, idea, or	
		idea, or concept. Uses a visual	event, idea, or concept	concept.	
		in the answer	and identifies another		
			scene.		
Accuracy Analysis – scientific	Exemplary evaluation that	A thorough evaluation that	Three of the features of a	Two of the features of a	At least one of the features of a
concept/event 1	includes:	includes:	thorough evaluation.	thorough evaluation.	thorough evaluation.
	An evaluation of the accuracy	An evaluation of the accuracy			
INS12-14	of one specific example in the	of one specific example in the			
	movie.	movie.			
	A detailed explanation of why	A basic explanation of why it			
	it is accurate or inaccurate.	is accurate or inaccurate.			
	Refers to a scientific theory,	Refers to a scientific theory,			
	law, or current research.	law, or current research.			
	Uses graphs, diagrams, or	Uses graphs, diagrams, or			
	Illustrations in the analysis.	Illustrations in the analysis.			
Accuracy Analysis – scientific	Exemplary evaluation that	A thorough evaluation that	Three of the features of a	Two of the features of a	At least one of the features of a
concept/event 2	includes:	includes:	thorough evaluation.	thorough evaluation.	thorough evaluation.
	An evaluation of the accuracy	An evaluation of the accuracy			
INS12-14	of a second specific example	of one specific example in the			
	in the movie.	movie.			
	A detailed explanation of why	A basic explanation of why it			
	it is accurate or inaccurate.	is accurate or inaccurate.			
	Refers to a scientific theory,	Refers to a scientific theory,			
	law, or current research.	law, or current research.			
	Uses graphs, diagrams, or	Uses graphs, diagrams, or			
	Illustrations in the analysis.	Illustrations in the analysis.			
Outline	A clear and thorough outline	An outline of one theory,	An outline of one theory,	Identifies one theory, law or	Identifies one theory, law or
	of one theory, hypothesis or	hypothesis or law that was	hypothesis or law that was	hypothesis and outlines	hypothesis.
INS11/12-6	law that was portrayed in the	portrayed in the movie/show.	portrayed in the movie/show.		

	movie/show. Includes any	Includes any relevant	A description of what an	what it would have looked	
	relevant equations and a	equations and a description	accurate portrayal of the	like if it was accurate.	
	detailed description of what	of what an accurate portrayal	theory/hypothesis/law would		
	an accurate portrayal of the	of the theory/hypothesis/law	look like.		
	theory/hypothesis/law would	would look like.			
	look like.				
Implications of the movie's	A thorough discussion,	A good discussion, providing	A discussion, providing points	A discussion, providing a	A point about the movie's
influence on Science	providing points for and	points for and against, about	for or against, about the	point for or against, about	influence on science.
	against, about the ethical	the ethical implications of the	implications of the movie's	the implications of the	
INS12-15	implications of the movie's	movie's influence on science.	influence on science.	movie's influence on science.	
	influence on science.				
Poster Presentation	Includes all of the following:	Includes most of the	Includes three of the	Includes two of the	Includes at least one of the
INS 12-7	Suitable, well-presented	following:	following:	following:	following:
	layout.	Suitable, well-presented	Suitable, well-presented	Suitable, well-presented	Suitable, well-presented layout.
	Suitable colour scheme, easy	layout.	layout.	layout.	Suitable colour scheme, easy to
	to read.	Suitable colour scheme, easy	Suitable colour scheme, easy	Suitable colour scheme, easy	read.
	Suitable font size for	to read.	to read.	to read.	Suitable font size for headings,
	headings, subheadings, and	Suitable font size for	Suitable font size for	Suitable font size for	subheadings, and text.
	text.	headings, subheadings, and	headings. subheadings. and	headings. subheadings. and	Incorporated diagrams.
	Incorporated diagrams.	text.	text.	text.	screenshots, graphs, and/or
	screenshots, graphs, and/or	Incorporated diagrams.	Incorporated diagrams.	Incorporated diagrams.	equations to justify and support
	equations to justify and	screenshots, graphs, and/or	screenshots, graphs, and/or	screenshots, graphs, and/or	analysis and explanations.
	support analysis and	equations to justify and	equations to justify and	equations to justify and	
	explanations	support analysis and	support analysis and	support analysis and	
	explanations.	explanations	explanations	explanations	
Communication of scientific	Communicates scientific	Communicates scientific	Communicates scientific	Communicates scientific	Scientific communication is
understanding	understanding using suitable	understanding using suitable	understanding using simple	understanding using basic	limited.
INS 12-7	language and terminology for	language and terminology.	language and terminology.	language. Sometimes use	
	a specific audience or	Mostly use the correct	Sometimes use the correct	the correct punctuation,	
	purpose. Always use the	punctuation, grammar, and	punctuation, grammar, and	grammar, and spelling.	
	correct punctuation,	spelling.	spelling.		
	grammar, and spelling.				
Bibliography	Five correctly referenced	Four correctly referenced	Three correctly referenced	Two correctly referenced	One correctly referenced
INS 12-7	resources using the school	resources, including the	resources.	resources.	resource.
	website guidelines, including	movie/show.			
	the movie/show.				

Total	
	/45

Assessment Criteria					
Grade	Description	Mark Range			
Outstanding (O)	The student has an extensive knowledge and understanding of the content and can readily apply this knowledge. In addition, the student has achieved a very high level of competence in the processes and skills and can apply these skills to new situations.	79.5-100			
High (H)	The student has a thorough knowledge and understanding of the content and a high level of competence in the processes and skills. In addition, the student is able to apply this knowledge and these skills to most situations.	69.5-79			
Sound (S)	The student has a sound knowledge and understanding of the content and has achieved a good level of competence in the processes and skills.	49.5-69			
Basic (B)	The student has a basic knowledge and understanding of the content and has achieved a basic level of competence in the processes and skills.	19.5-49			
Limited (L)	The student has an elementary knowledge and understanding in a few areas of the content and still requires further work to achieve competence in the processes and skills.	0-19			

# Satisfactory completion of courses

A course has been satisfactorily completed when the student has:

- Followed the course developed/endorsed by the NSW Educational Standards Authority (NESA)
- Applied himself/herself with diligence and sustained effort to the set tasks and experiences provided in the course.
- Achieved some or all of the course outcomes